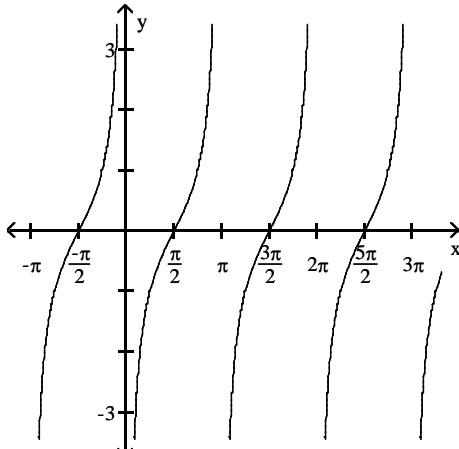


MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

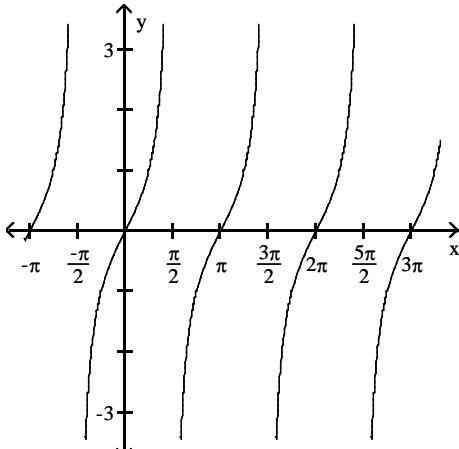
Match the function to its graph.

1) $y = \tan\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

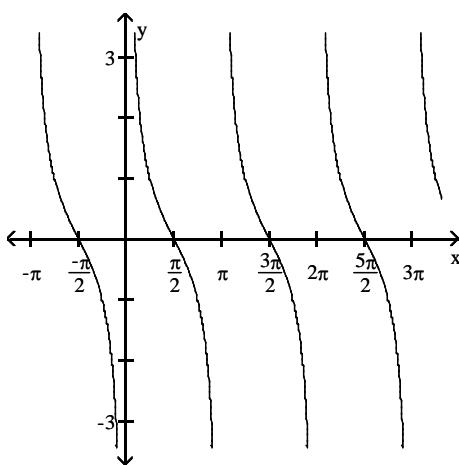
A)



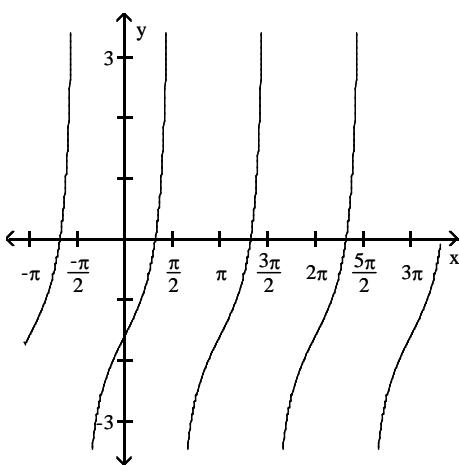
B)



C)



D)



Solve the problem.

- 2) Island A is 150 miles from island B. A ship captain travels 250 miles from island A and then finds that he is off course and 160 miles from island B. What angle, in degrees, must he turn through to head straight for island B? Round the answer to two decimal places. (Hint: Be careful to properly identify which angle is the turning angle.)

A) 145.08°

B) 55.08°

C) 110.17°

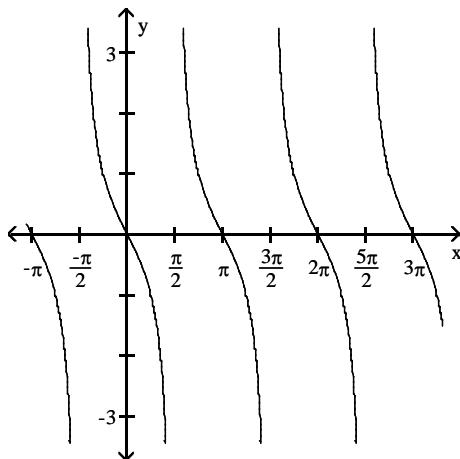
D) 34.92°

2) _____

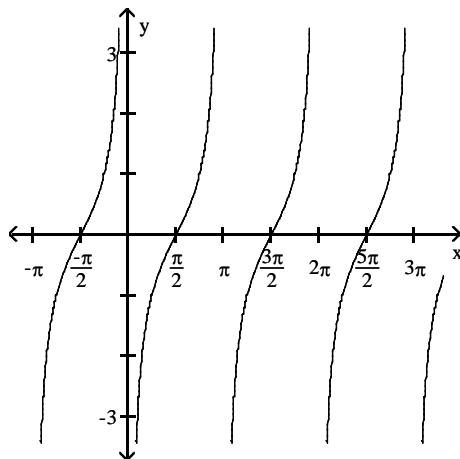
Match the function to its graph.

3) $y = -\tan x$

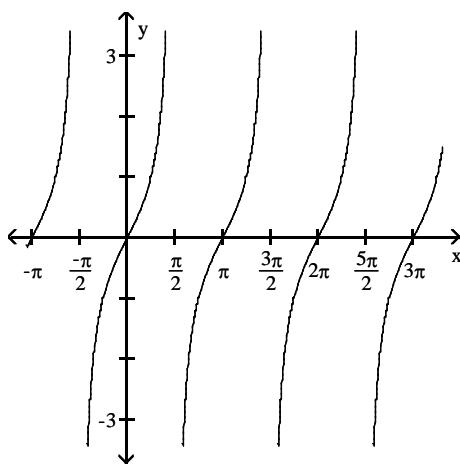
A)



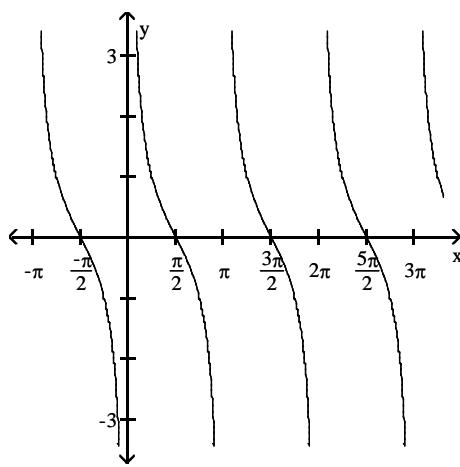
B)



C)



D)



3) _____

Two sides and an angle are given. Determine whether the given information results in one triangle, two triangles, or no triangle at all. Solve any triangle(s) that results.

4) $b = 5, c = 6, \beta = 65^\circ$

4) _____

A) one triangle

B) one triangle

$\beta = 33^\circ, \alpha = 82^\circ, a = 11$

$\gamma = 34^\circ, \alpha = 81^\circ, a = 15$

C) one triangle

D) no triangle

$\gamma = 32^\circ, \alpha = 83^\circ, a = 13$

Without graphing the function, determine its amplitude or period as requested.

5) $y = \frac{7}{4} \cos(-\frac{8\pi}{5}x)$ Find the period.

5) _____

A) $\frac{16\pi}{5}$

B) $\frac{5}{4}$

C) $\frac{7\pi}{2}$

D) $\frac{2}{7}$

Solve the problem.6) For what numbers θ is $f(\theta) = \cot \theta$ not defined?A) integral multiples of π (180°)B) odd multiples of π (180°)C) odd multiples of $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (90°)

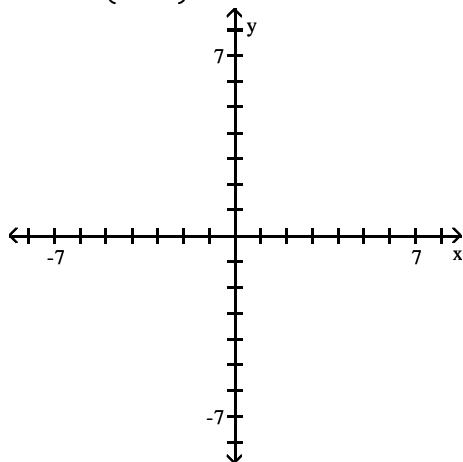
D) all real numbers

6) _____

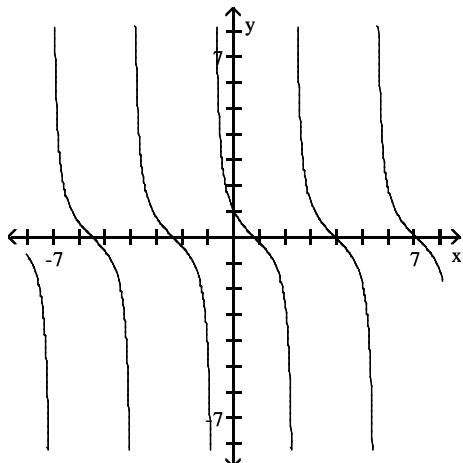
Graph the function.

7) $y = -\cot\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

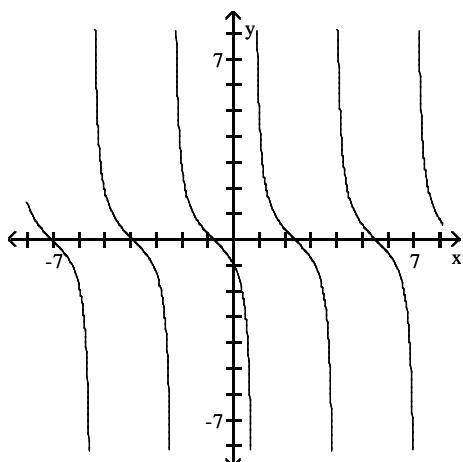
7) _____



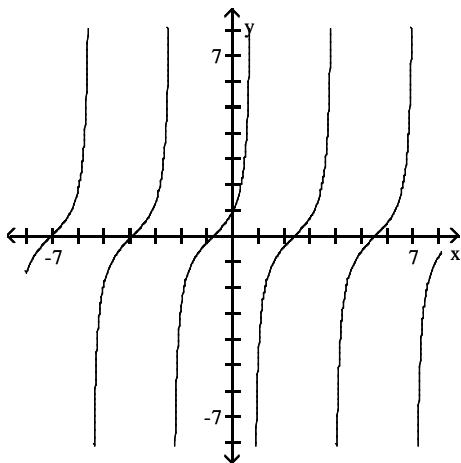
A)



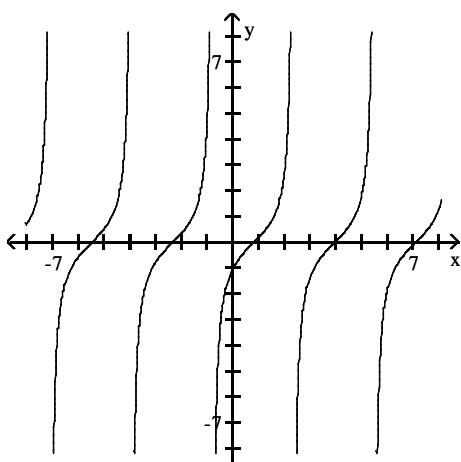
C)



B)



D)



Convert the angle in degrees to radians. Express the answer as multiple of π .

8) 87°

A) $\frac{29\pi}{90}$

B) $\frac{29\pi}{30}$

C) $\frac{29\pi}{120}$

D) $\frac{29\pi}{60}$

8) _____

Solve the problem.

- 9) The minute hand of a clock is 8 inches long. How far does the tip of the minute hand move in 15 minutes? If necessary, round the answer to two decimal places.

A) 12.57 in.

B) 10.83 in.

C) 15.08 in.

D) 13.8 in.

9) _____

Name the quadrant in which the angle θ lies.

10) $\sec \theta < 0, \tan \theta < 0$

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

10) _____

Convert the angle to $D^\circ M' S''$ form. Round the answer to the nearest second.

11) 198.87°

A) $198^\circ 52' 12''$

B) $198^\circ 50' 87''$

C) $198^\circ 53' 12''$

D) $198^\circ 52' 87''$

11) _____

Find the exact value. Do not use a calculator.

12) $\sin 0$

A) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

B) 1

C) 0

D) undefined

12) _____

Solve the problem.

- 13) What is the y-intercept of $y = \cos x$?

A) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

B) π

C) 1

D) 0

13) _____

- 14) For what numbers x , $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$, does $\cos x = 0$?

A) $0, \pi, 2\pi$

B) $\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$

C) $0, 1$

D) $0, 1, 2$

14) _____

Convert the angle in radians to degrees.

15) $\frac{12\pi}{5}$

A) 434°

B) 433°

C) 432°

D) 431°

15) _____

Find the exact value of the indicated trigonometric function of θ .

16) $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}, \sec \theta < 0$

Find $\cos \theta$ and $\tan \theta$.

16) _____

A) $\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

B) $\cos \theta = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}, \tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

C) $\cos \theta = -\sqrt{3}, \tan \theta = -\frac{10\sqrt{3}}{3}$

D) $\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

Find the exact value of the expression.

17) $\tan\left(\cos^{-1}\frac{1}{3}\right)$

17) _____

A) $-2\sqrt{3}$

B) $2\sqrt{3}$

C) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$

D) $2\sqrt{2}$

Solve the problem.

18) Find $\tan\frac{\theta}{2}$, given that $\tan\theta = 3$ and θ terminates in $\pi < \theta < 3\pi/2$.

18) _____

A) $\frac{\sqrt{10} - 1}{-3}$

B) $\frac{\sqrt{10} + 1}{-3}$

C) $\frac{\sqrt{10} + 1}{3}$

D) $\frac{\sqrt{10} - 1}{3}$

Find the domain of the function f and of its inverse function f^{-1} .

19) $f(x) = 3 \tan x + 5$

19) _____

A) Domain of f: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Domain of f^{-1} : $x \neq \frac{(2k+1)\pi}{2}$; k an integer

B) Domain of f: $x \neq \frac{(2k+1)\pi}{2}$; k an integer

Domain of f^{-1} : $[2, 8]$

C) Domain of f: $x \neq \frac{(2k+1)\pi}{2}$; k an integer

Domain of f^{-1} : $(-\infty, \infty)$

D) Domain of f: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Domain of f^{-1} : $[2, 8]$

Find the exact solution of the equation.

20) $-4 \tan^{-1} x = \pi$

20) _____

A) $x = 0$

B) $x = 1$

C) $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$

D) $x = -1$

Express the sum or difference as a product of sines and/or cosines.

21) $\sin(7\theta) - \sin(3\theta)$

21) _____

A) $2 \cos(3\theta) \cos(5\theta)$

B) $2 \sin(5\theta) \cos(2\theta)$

C) $2 \sin(2\theta) \cos(5\theta)$

D) $2 \sin(2\theta)$

Find the domain of the function f and of its inverse function f^{-1} .

22) $f(x) = 4 \sin x - 8$

22) _____

A) Domain of f: $(-\infty, \infty)$

B) Domain of f: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Domain of f^{-1} : $(-\infty, \infty)$

Domain of f^{-1} : $[-12, -4]$

C) Domain of f: $[4, 12]$

D) Domain of f: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Domain of f^{-1} : $[-12, -4]$

Domain of f^{-1} : $[4, 12]$

Solve the equation on the interval $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$.

23) $\cot\left(2\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1$

23) _____

A) $\frac{3\pi}{8}, \frac{7\pi}{8}$

B) $\frac{3\pi}{8}$

C) $\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{9\pi}{4}$, and $\frac{13\pi}{4}$

D) $\frac{3\pi}{8}, \frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8}$, and $\frac{15\pi}{8}$

Complete the identity.

24) $\cos(\sin^{-1} v) = ?$

24) _____

A) $\sqrt{v^2 + 1}$

B) $\sqrt{v^2 - 1}$

C) $\sqrt{1 - v^2}$

D) $\frac{\sqrt{v^2 + 1}}{v}$

Two sides of a right triangle ABC (C is the right angle) are given. Find the indicated trigonometric function of the given angle. Give exact answers with rational denominators.

25) Find $\cot A$ when $a = 8$ and $c = 9$.

25) _____

A) $\frac{9\sqrt{17}}{17}$

B) $\frac{\sqrt{17}}{8}$

C) $\frac{\sqrt{17}}{9}$

D) $\frac{8\sqrt{17}}{17}$

Find the area of the triangle. If necessary, round the answer to two decimal places.

26) $a = 12, b = 15, \gamma = 52^\circ$

26) _____

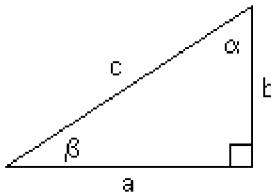
A) 141.84

B) 88.80

C) 35.46

D) 70.92

Solve the right triangle using the information given. Round answers to two decimal places, if necessary.



27) $a = 8, b = 4$; Find c, α , and β .

27) _____

A) $c = 8.94$

B) $c = 6.93$

C) $c = 6.93$

D) $c = 8.94$

$\alpha = 64.43^\circ$

$\alpha = 64.43^\circ$

$\alpha = 63.43^\circ$

$\alpha = 63.43^\circ$

$\beta = 25.57^\circ$

$\beta = 25.57^\circ$

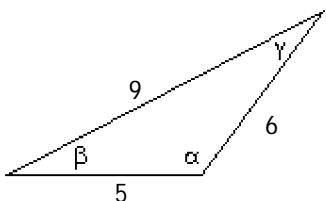
$\beta = 26.57^\circ$

$\beta = 26.57^\circ$

Solve the triangle. Find the angles α and β first.

28)

28) _____



A) $\alpha = 109.5^\circ, \beta = 38.9^\circ, \gamma = 31.6^\circ$

B) $\alpha = 38.9^\circ, \beta = 109.5^\circ, \gamma = 31.6^\circ$

C) $\alpha = 38.9^\circ, \beta = 31.6^\circ, \gamma = 109.5^\circ$

D) $\alpha = 109.5^\circ, \beta = 31.6^\circ, \gamma = 38.9^\circ$

Solve the triangle.

29) $a = 6, b = 8, \gamma = 70^\circ$

- A) $c = 6.3, \alpha = 28.6^\circ, \beta = 81.4^\circ$
 C) $c = 8.2, \alpha = 43.5^\circ, \beta = 66.5^\circ$

29) _____

- B) $c = 9, \alpha = 52.8^\circ, \beta = 57.2^\circ$
 D) $c = 10, \alpha = 56.9^\circ, \beta = 53.1^\circ$

Convert the angle in radians to degrees.

30) $\frac{\pi}{3}$

- A) $60\pi^\circ$ B) 60° C) 3° D) 1°

30) _____

31) $\frac{47}{18}\pi$

- A) $940\pi^\circ$ B) 470° C) 8° D) 235°

31) _____

Use the properties of the trigonometric functions to find the exact value of the expression. Do not use a calculator.

32) $\tan 20^\circ \cot 20^\circ$

- A) 1 B) 20 C) -1 D) 0

32) _____

Use the information given about the angle θ , $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$, to find the exact value of the indicated trigonometric function.

33) $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{5}, \pi < \theta < \frac{3\pi}{2}$ Find $\cos \frac{\theta}{2}$.

- A) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$ B) $-\frac{\sqrt{30}}{10}$ C) $\frac{\sqrt{30}}{10}$ D) $-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$

33) _____

Find the exact value of the composition.

34) $\sin(\tan^{-1}(2))$

- A) $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$ B) $5\sqrt{2}$ C) $2\sqrt{5}$ D) $\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$

34) _____

An object attached to a coiled spring is pulled down a distance a from its rest position and then released. Assuming that the motion is simple harmonic with period T , write an equation that relates the displacement d of the object from its rest position after t seconds. Also assume that the positive direction of the motion is up.

35) $a = 19; T = 9$ seconds

- A) $d = -19 \cos\left(\frac{2}{9}\pi t\right)$
 C) $d = -9 \cos\left(\frac{2}{19}\pi t\right)$
 B) $d = -19 \cos\left(\frac{1}{9}\pi t\right)$
 D) $d = -19 \sin\left(\frac{2}{9}\pi t\right)$

35) _____

Solve the problem.

- 36) A rocket tracking station has two telescopes A and B placed 1.9 miles apart. The telescopes lock onto a rocket and transmit their angles of elevation to a computer after a rocket launch. What is the distance to the rocket from telescope B at the moment when both tracking stations are directly east of the rocket? Telescope A reports an angle of elevation of 23° and telescope B reports an angle of elevation of 58° ?

36) _____

- A) 0.88 mi B) 1.29 mi C) 4.12 mi D) 2.81 mi

Use the fact that the trigonometric functions are periodic to find the exact value of the expression. Do not use a calculator.

37) $\csc 1020^\circ$

37) _____

A) $-\frac{1}{2}$

B) $-\sqrt{2}$

C) $-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

D) $-\sqrt{3}$

Find the exact value under the given conditions.

38) $\cos \alpha = -\frac{5}{13}$, $\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \pi$; $\sin \beta = \frac{8}{17}$, $\frac{\pi}{2} < \beta < \pi$

Find $\tan(\alpha + \beta)$.

38) _____

A) $-\frac{220}{221}$

B) $\frac{20}{3}$

C) $\frac{220}{21}$

D) $-\frac{220}{171}$

An object attached to a coiled spring is pulled down a distance a from its rest position and then released. Assuming that the motion is simple harmonic with period T , write an equation that relates the displacement d of the object from its rest position after t seconds. Also assume that the positive direction of the motion is up.

39) $a = 19$; $T = 4\pi$ seconds

39) _____

A) $d = -4 \cos\left(\frac{2}{19}t\right)$

B) $d = -19 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi t\right)$

C) $d = -19 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi t\right)$

D) $d = -19 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right)$

Convert the angle to $D^\circ M' S''$ form. Round the answer to the nearest second.

40) 258.68°

40) _____

A) $258^\circ 40' 48''$

B) $258^\circ 40' 68''$

C) $258^\circ 41' 47''$

D) $258^\circ 47' 68''$

Answer Key

Testname: TRIG HANDOUT

- 1) A
- 2) A
- 3) A
- 4) D
- 5) B
- 6) A
- 7) B
- 8) D
- 9) A
- 10) B
- 11) A
- 12) C
- 13) C
- 14) B
- 15) C
- 16) A
- 17) D
- 18) B
- 19) C
- 20) D
- 21) C
- 22) B
- 23) D
- 24) C
- 25) B
- 26) D
- 27) D
- 28) A
- 29) C
- 30) B
- 31) B
- 32) A
- 33) D
- 34) D
- 35) A
- 36) B
- 37) C
- 38) C
- 39) D
- 40) A